

### TRUCK INVENTORY AND USE SURVEY

# 1987

# Census of Transportation

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### Georgia (3)

# ECONOMIC CENSUSES CHART OUR NATION'S GROWTH

Since questions on manufacturing were first included in the 1810 Decennial Census, censuses have helped us measure our Nation's economic activities. As the economy has grown from agrarian to one increasingly based on services, the scope of what are now called the economic censuses has been expanded to include retail and wholesale trade, service and construction industries, mining, and transportation, as well as manufacturing.

The census of transportation began in 1963 as a set of surveys covering travel, transportation of commodities, and trucks. New for 1987 will be publications reporting on business establishments engaged in several transportation industries, paralleling the data on establishments in other sectors. This is part of a gradual expansion in coverage of industries previously subjected to government regulation.

#### **USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES**

The economic censuses are the major source for facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy and provide essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. These data provide an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross national product, input-output measures, indexes of industrial production, and indexes measuring productivity and price levels. Information from the censuses is used to establish sampling frames and as benchmarks for current surveys of business activity, which are essential for measuring short-term economic conditions.

## AUTHORITY AND SCOPE OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are required by law (under Title 13 of the United States Code, sections 131, 191, and 224),

to be conducted at 5-year intervals for the years ending in 2 and 7. The 1987 Economic Censuses covered manufacturing, mining, construction industries, retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, and selected transportation activities. Special programs also cover minority-owned and women-owned businesses. The next censuses are scheduled to be taken in 1993 for the year 1992.

#### **AVAILABILITY OF THE DATA**

The results of each of the economic censuses are available in printed reports, for sale by the U.S. Government Printing Office. Electronic data products and order forms are available on request from Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

# TRUCK INVENTORY AND USE SURVEY, 1987 CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

The Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS) provides data on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck population. It is based on a probability sample of private and commercial trucks registered (or licensed) in each State during 1987.

The following types of vehicles were excluded from this survey prior to sampling: those owned by Federal, State, and local governments; ambulances; buses; and motor homes. A small number of the vehicles sampled were determined to be "out-of-scope" of the survey. These cases include: farm tractors, unpowered trailer units, and trucks reported to have been sold, junked, or wrecked prior to the registration year.

Many States allow pickups, small vans, and utility-type vehicles to be registered as cars or trucks. Therefore, the passenger car files were searched and any such trucks were included in the universe of trucks from which the sample was selected. Some vehicles such as "off-highway"



trucks used exclusively on private property do not have to be registered. Therefore, they were not included in the universe and had no chance of being selected.

### USES OF THE TRUCK INVENTORY AND USE SURVEY

TIUS information is of considerable value to State and Federal transportation agencies in the planning of such things as highway cost allocations, improvements in road conditions, energy consumption, and emergency preparedness. The private sector also needs these data to plan for future vehicle designs and improvements, market studies, and more efficient vehicle usage.

#### TRUCK CHARACTERISTICS

The estimated number of trucks that were within the scope of the TIUS and registered in the State as of July 1, 1987, was 1,210.1 thousand. These trucks were estimated to have been driven a total of 15,619.8 million miles during 1987, an increase of 45.1 percent  $(\pm 11.9)^1$  from 1982. The average annual miles traveled per truck was estimated at 12.9 thousand.

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) estimate of the number of private and commercial trucks registered in the State as of December 31, 1987, was 1,374.8 thousand. This estimate is based on a calendar year summary report from the State. It reflects differences in truck definitions used by the State for vehicle registration from those used in the TIUS.

#### **COMPARABILITY WITH PREVIOUS SURVEYS**

Although the basic purpose and scope of the previous Truck Inventory and Use Surveys were essentially identical to this one, some new items were introduced in 1987, as well as some changes that may affect specific items in this report.

#### New items introduced in 1987:

- Width of trailer—Respondents were asked to report the width of the trailer most often attached to the vehicle.
- Piggyback or container—Respondents who received the TC-9502 form and who reported that they operated a truck tractor (power unit) pulling trailer(s) were asked to report the percent of annual mileage they hauled—
  - Railroad, ocean-going, or similar containers, and
  - b. Piggyback trailers.

 $^{1}\text{All}$  comparisons are accompanied by a 90-percent confidence interval, so that a statement such as "an increase of 5.0 percent (±.5)" indicates a 90-percent confidence interval from 4.5 to 5.5. If the interval contains zero, it is uncertain whether there is an increase or decrease.

 Accidents—Respondents were asked if the vehicle was involved in an accident during 1987 and if the accident involved a fatality, bodily injury, or property damage of \$4,200 or more.

#### 1987 changes affecting specific items:

- Base of operation—Respondents were asked to report the home base of the vehicle on "July 1, 1987," instead of "for the last 12 months."
- Percentage of hazardous materials carried—Because over 50 percent of the trucks carrying hazardous materials carried them less than 25 percent of their annual miles in 1982, the category "Below 25%" was broken down into two categories: "Below 10%" and "10-24%." The list of hazardous materials carried was expanded.
- Body type—"Mini-vans" was made into a separate category instead of being included in the "Van" category.
- Major use—"One-way rental" was made into a separate category instead of being included in the "Daily Rental" category.
- Products carried—Four new categories were added to the list of products carried. They are: (1) glass products, (2) miscellaneous products of manufacturing, (3) industrial water, and (4) hazardous waste.
- 6. Number of cylinders—This item was deleted from the questionnaire, but the data were derived from an analysis of the vehicle identification numbers (VIN) and are included in the tables. "Not reported" indicates those trucks for which the cylinders are unknown.
- Transmission type—This question was deleted from the questionnaire and data will not be made available for this item.
- 8. Annual miles—Respondents were asked how many miles the vehicle was driven in 1987. For those vehicles sold during 1987, a full year's annual miles were estimated. In previous surveys, owners were asked to report their annual miles for the past 12 months, and if driven less than 12 months, to estimate the mileage for a full year.

#### **EXPLANATION OF TERMS**

**Major use**—This is based on the business or the part of the business in which the vehicle was used. The 15 specific major use categories conform to the generally accepted meaning of the terms.

Responses in the "Other" category were recoded to one of the specific categories if possible.

The category "Not in Use" in table 2 includes vehicles which, though licensed, were not used or were wrecked for more than 90 days.

**Body type**—This category includes the type of body that is either permanently attached to the power unit (i.e., straight or single-unit truck) or most frequently used with a truck tractor as a tractor-trailer combination.

Range of Operation—The area in which the vehicle usually operates is classified as one of the following:

- Local—Less than a 50-mile radius of the home base (the farm, factory, mine, or other place where the vehicle is stationed).
- 2. **Short range**—Within a 50 to 200-mile radius from the home base.
- 3. Long range—More than 200 miles one way to the most distant stop from the home base.
- 4. Off-the-road—Minimal use of public roads (usually associated with construction and farming activities).

**Vehicle size**—This size classification is based on the average vehicle weight (empty weight of the vehicle plus the average weight of the load carried) at which the vehicle operated during the past year. The four size classes are:

- Light—Average vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less.
- 2. **Medium**—Average vehicle weight of 10,001 to 19,500 pounds.
- 3. **Light-heavy**—Average vehicle weight of 19,501 to 26,000 pounds.
- Heavy-heavy—Average vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or more.

**Operator classification—**This item consists of not for hire, for hire, daily rental, and mixed.

- Not for hire—Includes a private owner or a company which transports its own materials or merchandise or uses the vehicle for personal transportation.
- 2. For hire—includes the following:
  - a. Motor carrier—Those vehicles operated by a company whose primary business is to provide transportation services carrying freight belonging to others.
  - b. Owner/Operator—Vehicles operated by an independent trucker who drives the vehicle for himself or on lease to a company.
- Daily rental—Vehicles rented or leased out under daily or short term rental or lease agreements (not motor carrier).

- 4. Mixed—A mixture of the operator classifications above with equal percentages of use for at least two of the three categories. If the percentages were not equal, the answer was recoded to the operator classification with the highest percentage.
- 5. **Type of carrier—**These categories are limited to for hire, interstate operators:
  - a. Contract—Offers transportation services to certain shippers under contracts.
  - b. Common—Offers transportation services to the general public over regular or irregular routes.
  - c. Exempt—Transports commodities or provides types of services that are exempt from federal regulation. Could also operate within exempt commercial zones.

**Products carried**—This item includes broad classifications of agricultural, manufacturing, and mineral products, as well as special categories of materials carried by trucks. Responses to the "Other" category were recoded to one of the 25 specific categories if possible.

Hazardous materials—This category was designed to identify those trucks which regularly transport hazardous materials in quantities large enough to require a placard under the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49, Transportation.

Truck fleet size—The size of the truck fleet is based on the number of trucks operated by a truck owner from a single "base of operation." The fleet located at the "base of operation" usually is smaller than the total fleet that an owner has if he operates from more than one base. The data shown in the "Truck Fleet Size" section of the tables are based on the number of trucks found in fleets of specified size and not the number of fleets. (If this item on the survey form was unanswered, the vehicle was assumed to be in a fleet of one, classified in accordance with the reported vehicle type.)

#### **SAMPLE DESIGN**

A probability sample of 2,691 trucks was selected for the State. These trucks were selected to represent the universe of trucks registered in the State as of July 1, 1987. The universe excluded those trucks that were identified, from the registration information, as outside of the scope of TIUS.

The trucks were selected using a stratified, random sample design. The universe, or population, of trucks within the State was divided into five strata: pickup, van, single-unit light, single-unit heavy, and truck tractor. The pickup stratum consisted of all pickup trucks. The van stratum consisted of panel trucks, vans (including minivans), utility-type vehicles (including jeeps), and station wagons on truck chassis. The single-unit light stratum

consisted of all single-unit trucks (excluding those in the pickup and van strata) with a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of 26,000 pounds or less. The single-unit heavy stratum consisted of the remaining single-unit trucks. The truck tractor stratum consisted of only truck tractors. Within each of these strata, a predetermined number of trucks were selected for the sample. All trucks were selected at random with equal probabilities of selection within a stratum.

#### **SURVEY METHOD**

For each selected truck, a report form was mailed to the owner identified in the State's registration records as of July 1, 1987. The owner was asked to respond only for the truck identified by the vehicle registration information imprinted on the form, regardless of whether or not he still owned the vehicle. The information received on the returned questionnaires was processed through an extensive computer edit. Reports which contained questionable responses were reviewed and corrected if necessary. In each stratum, estimates of the number of trucks for each characteristic were developed by weighting up the observations from the respondents to represent all trucks in the stratum within the scope of the TIUS. The stratum estimates were then summed across strata to form the estimates published for the State. Truck miles were estimated in a similar way. For each line in table 2, truck miles is an estimate of the miles traveled during 1987 by all trucks having the specified characteristic. Estimates of average miles per truck were derived from the estimates of number of trucks and truck miles.

#### **RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES**

The accuracy of the survey results is determined by the joint effects of sampling variability and nonsampling errors. These sources of error are discussed in the following paragraphs.

Sampling variability—The particular sample drawn in the State is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same design. Estimates derived from these different samples would differ from each other and from the unknown total that would be obtained if all trucks in the State were surveyed (the universe value). Ignoring the effects of nonsampling error, the average of these estimates would equal the universe value. The standard error of the estimate is a measure of the variability among the estimates from all possible samples of the same size and design. It measures how precisely we can expect to estimate the unknown universe value. The relative standard error (RSE), expressed as a percent, is the standard error of the estimate times 100 divided by the value being estimated. Note that the RSE's, given in table 2, are derived from the sample and are themselves subject to sampling variability.

An estimate and its standard error, developed from a particular sample, can be used to construct an interval estimate called a confidence interval. (The standard error referred to here is itself an estimate developed from the sample.) Associated with each interval is a percent of confidence (for example, 90 percent) which should be interpreted as follows. For each possible sample, assume that an estimate and its standard error were obtained. Then, for about 90 percent of all the samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown value being estimated. The following is an example of a confidence interval calculation: Assume the number of basic platform trucks given in table 2 is 20.5 thousand with an RSE of 10.2 percent. Then the standard error of the estimate is 20.5 x .102 = 2.09 thousand trucks. Now, the 90 percent confidence interval (the estimate plus or minus 1.65 standard errors) is 20.5 plus or minus 3.4, or 17.1 to 23.9 thousand trucks. In table 2, some data cells have RSE's that are large, and the resulting confidence intervals could be quite wide. The user should use such estimates with caution.

Nonsampling errors—Nonsampling errors cover all sources of errors in the estimates that cannot be attributed to sampling variability. This includes errors in the reporting, collecting, and processing of data as well as the inability to obtain responses from some sampled units. Nonsampling errors lead to biases in the estimates. Bias exists if an estimate, averaged over all possible samples, does not equal the true value being estimated.

One source of possible bias is nonresponse. There are two types of nonresponse. "Total nonresponse" occurs when no response to the questionnaire was received. In most cases, the form was never returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. For the State, approximately 79.0 percent of the questionnaires were returned with some response. "Item nonresponse" applies to an individual item or question which was unanswered, although some response to the questionnaire was received. Several follow-ups, by mail and telephone, were done to reduce both types of nonresponse. The details to account for total nonresponse and item nonresponse are given below.

For most sections in table 2, total nonresponse is handled, within the estimation procedure, by allocating characteristics to the total nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced in this way depends on the extent that the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents.

For most sections in the table, item nonresponse is included as a separate line. For example, respondents who did not indicate the major uses of their trucks are included in the "not reported" category. This line shows the part of the total estimate (for that table section) which is missing from the estimates by major use. Users should exercise caution in allocating the not reported figure to the major uses, since the characteristics of item nonrespondents

may differ significantly from those of the respondents. For some questions, a response was generated if it could be derived from other data. For example, engine characteristics and body characteristics were frequently determined through analysis of the vehicle identification number and charts based on manufacturers' specifications. Missing annual miles data (excluding missing data due to total nonresponse) were imputed for each individual truck based on information available about the truck's lifetime miles, age, vehicle type, number of axles, engine type, area of operation, and major use.

#### **ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS**

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

- (NA) Not available.
- (S) Withheld because estimate did not meet publication standards on the basis of either the response rate, associated standard error, or a consistency review.
- (Z) Represents less than 50 trucks, 50,000 miles, 50 miles per truck, or .05 percent, as appropriate for the data column.
- RSE Relative standard error.

Table 1. Trucks—Comparative Summary: 1987 and Earlier Years

[Percent. Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Vehicular and operational characteristics	1987	1982	1977	1972	Vehicular and operational characteristics	1987	1982	1977	1972
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	YEAR MODEL		· <del>1</del>		
MAJOR USE					1 to 2 years old 3 to 4 years old Over 4 years old	18.5 20.0 61.5	12.7 10.1 77.1	16.9 14.6 68.5	17.2 19.0 63.9
Agriculture	6.5 .5 .1 11.0 2.2	7.4 2.3 (Z) 10.8 2.5	15.0 1.5 (Z) 4.8 1.1	20.4 1.7 (Z) 9.3 2.8	VEHICLE ACQUISITION  Purchased new Purchased used	51.3 46.5	45.0 52.8	48.2 49.0	50.1 47.6
Wholesale and retail trade	5.2 2.5 6.6 64.7	6,2 3.3 8.5 58.6 .3	7.0 1.9 7.3 58.7 2.4	8.7 3.0 9.9 42.6 1.6	Leased from someone and not reported TRUCK FLEET SIZE	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.3
BODY TYPE					1	62.3 27.3 5.7 4.7	78.4 9.1 5.7 6.8	74.8 13.4 7.1 4.7	63.5 21.3 7.9 7.3
Pickup, panel, or mini-van¹	88.2 3.9 2.8 .4 .9	84.2 4.9 4.7 .7 .6	81.9 7.8 4.4 .8 .6	73.6 10.4 5.7 (Z) 1.8	TRUCK TYPE  Single-unit trucks	95.9 95.0	94.7 93.9	96.5 94.9	96.0 93.1
Dump	1.5 .6 1.8	1.3 .7 2.9	1.3 .9 2.2	1,8 1,2 5,5	3 axles or more	4.1 .7 1.1 2.2	5.3 1.3 1.7 2.3	94.9 1.2 3.4 (Z) 1.2 2.0	2.9 4.0 5 1.6 1.9
VEHICLE SIZE					Trailer not specified	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Light Medium Light-heavy Heavy-heavy Manual Miles	91.1 2.3 2.0 4.6	88.9 3.7 2.2 5.2	84.4 7.4 2.8 5.2	77.0 12.2 4.2 6.7	Local	77.5 14.9 2.9 4.7	69.2 10.4 3.5 16.9	85.7 6.6 2.4 5.3	83.0 6.6 2.1 8.3
Less than 5,000	24.8 20.8 35.3 11.4 7.7	27.5 20.3 36.9 8.6 6.8	26.2 19.2 38.4 10.3 5.8	21.3 26.4 36.7 8.9 6.7	FUEL TYPE  Gasoline Diesel and LPG Not reported	94.0 6.0 (Z)	92.8 7.2 (Z)	95.3 4.7 (Z)	87.4 3.9 8.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Vans similar to panel trucks are included in pickup, panel, and mini-vans.

### Table 2. Trucks, Truck Miles, and Average Annual Miles: 1987

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Truc	ks and truck n	niles		id truck miles, anels, utilities, a wagons		Relative standard error of estimate						
Vehicular and operational characteristics	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Н		standard rcent) fo			te	
	А	В	С	D	E	F	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	
Total trucks	1 210.1	15 619.8	12.9	142.5	3 417.3	24.0	.5	2.9	2.9	2.0	3.7	3.4	
MAJOR USE													
Agriculture	79.0	781.9	9.9	21.2	191.7	9.0	12.9	15.7	8.5	8.2	12.8	11.6	
Forestry and lumberingMining and quarrying	1.2	200.8 24.9	32.3 20.1	4.4 1.0	198.9 23.2	45.2 22.3	31.1 33.1	33.0 34.6	41.7 26.0	14.8 34.6	33.3 36.5	30.9 27.1	
Construction		2 470.3 600.9	18.6 22.2	32.8 8.5	501.2 315.1	15.3 37.1	9.9 21.8	12.6 19.0	7.1 12.9	8.1 12.1	13.7 14.5	8.8 12.5	
Wholesale trade	31.7	583.3	18.4	14.9	441.1	29.5	17.8	12.0	11.7	9.4	10.4	7.8	
Retail tradeFor-hire transportation		601.9 1 234.5	19.0 50.1	9.6 22.8	170.6 1 220.0	17.8 53.6	20.2 11.8	23.0 6.8	10.3 10.4	12.6 9.9	13.0 6.8	9.9 8.7	
UtilitiesServices	12.2	180.9 1 293.2	14.8 19.0	6.7 9.0	67.4 162.7	10.1 18.1	27.5 15.0	40.9 21.7	21.2 15.6	16.0 13.1	19.9 17.5	11.8 14.5	
Daily rental		85.2	20.7	2.2	68.4	30.5	47.1	26.0	28.3	23.2	21.2	16.8	
One way rental	1.6	31.6	19.4	1.6	31.6	19.4	34.2	34.4	8.1	34.2	34.4	8.1	
Personal transportationOther		7 530.3 (Z)	9.6 (Z)	5.5 (Z)	25.3 (Z)	4.6 (Z)	2.6 (Z)	4.5 (Z) 85.2	3.7 (Z)	18.2 (Z)	28.6 (Z)	21.8 (Z)	
Not in useNot reported		.1 (Z)	NNN	(Z) 2.4 (Z)	.1 (Z)	(X) (X)	(Z) 44.0 (Z)	85.2 (Z)	(Z) 93.3 (Z)	(Z) 24.8 (Z)	(Z) 85.2 (Z)	(Z) 80.8 (Z)	
BODY TYPE													
Pickup		8 828.3	11.2	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1.2	4.3	4.1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	
Mini-vanPanel or van		730.2 1 369.7	15.4 10.7		(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	17.9 9.2	20.0 17.5	8.7 14.8		爱		
Utility	90.5	1 107.9 166.4	12.2 11.4	NANNA	SKRKK	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	12.2 34.7	14.9	8.6	NONNO	NNNN	NNNNN	
Station wagon	1	186.2	17.7	10.5	186.2	(2) 17.7	20.9	42.1 32.7	24.1 16.0	20.9	32.7	16.0	
Platform with added devices	6.0	64.6	10.7	6.0	64.6	10.7	16.3	21.4	17.1	16.3	21.4	17.1	
Low boy or depressed centerBasic platform	36.6	61.1 596.2	15.8 16.3	3.9 36.6	61.1 596.2	15.8 16.3	13.6 5.7	23.6 12.8	19.2 12.2	13.6 5.7	23.6 12.8	19.2 12.2	
Livestock truck	.5	5.7	11.9	.5	5.7	11.9	60.3	59.9	50.5	60.3	59.9	50.5	
Insulated nonrefrigerated van	.9 4.1	27.5 267.2	31.0 64.6	.9 4.1	27.5 267.2	31.0 64.6	39.3 14.6	42.2 15.4	31.5 11.5	39.3 14.6	42.2 15.4	31.5 11.5	
Drop-frame van	2.7	145.6	53.9	2.7	145.6	53.9	23.0	37.4	33.5	23.0	37.4	33.5	
Open-top vanBasic enclosed van	.6 25.1	53.4 1 062.5	83.6 42.3	.6 25.1	53.4 1 062.5	83.6 42.3	23.7 6.1	27.6 5.8	14.1 5.3	23.7 6.1	27.6 5.8	14.1 5.3	
Beverage	1.2	16.4	13.6	1.2	16.4	13.6	31.7	33.5	12.9	31.7	33.5	12.9	
Public utility Winch or crane		34.4 35.6	7.2 51.1	4.8 .7	34.4 35.6	7.2 51.1	19.2 48.4	24.8 52.7	16.2 32.2	19.2 48.4	24.8 52.7	16.2 32.2	
WreckerPole or logging	5.1	64.5 95.6	12.7 32.3	5.1 3.0	64.5 95.6	12.7 32.3	39.4 19.1	36.4 18.4	17.1 16.6	39.4 19.1	36.4 18.4	17.1 16.6	
Auto transport		39.9	53.9	.7	39.9	53.9	41.6	52.5	37.6	41.6	52.5	37.6	
Service truck	3.4	41.8	12.2	3.4	41.8	12.2	23.2	31.9	21.4	23.2	31.9	21.4	
Yard tractor	.2	1.9 .3	5.1 1.6	.4 .2	1.9 .3	5.1 1.6	31.0 80.4	71.7 99.6	64.6 31.5	31.0 80.4	71.7 99.6	64.6 31.5	
Grain body	1 1	32.0	14.1	2.3	32.0	14.1	26.4	39.4	39.0	26.4	39.4	39.0	
Garbage hauler  Dump truck		29.5 271.4	21.3 15.0	1.4 18.1	29.5 271.4	21.3 15.0	32.0 8.6	35.0 11.3	18.2 9.4	32.0 8.6	35.0 11.3	18.2 9.4	
Tank truck (liquids or gases)	6.3	163.5 55.6	25.8 60.7	6.3	163.5 55.6	25.8 60.7	14.6 28.6	14.4 30.6	11.9 14.5	14.6 28.6	14.4 30.6	11.9 14.5	
Concrete mixer	1.9	31.3	16.3	1.9	31.3	16.3	24.1	27.6	12.7	24.1	27.6	12.7	
Other Not reported	1.3 (Z)	33.5 (Z)	26.6 (Z)	1.3 (Z)	33.5 (Z)	26.6 (Z)	36.0 (Z)	52.0 (Z)	38.7 (Z)	36.0 (Z)	52.0 (Z)	38.7 (Z)	
ANNUAL MILES		i											
Less than 5,000	300.2	637.9	2.1	40.2	70.4	1.8	6.4	8.1	4.8	5.3	7.4	5.2	
5,000 to 9,999	427.1	1 705.8 5 481.4	6.8 12.8	21.7 31.8	147.8 431.1	6.8 13.6	7.3 5.1	7.5 5.2	1.9 1.3	8.1 8.5	8.4 7.7	2.0 2.1	
20,000 to 29,999	137.4	3 067.0 2 080.1	22.3 34.3	14.8 12.5	336.1 445.3	22.6 35.6	10.4 15.6	10.4 15.6	1.3 2.4	9.4 16.8	9.4 15.0	11	
50,000 to 74,999	17.1	938.9 1 708.7	55.0 110.2	7.8 13.7	460.0 1 526.5	59.3 111.5	24.7 12.8	23.2 12.6	2.0 4.0	9.7 5.7	9.8 7.4	2.6 1.3 4.3	
RANGE OF OPERATION						:				,			
Local	937.3	10 234.0	10.9	83.8	1 152.5	13.7	2.0	4.1	3.6	3.5	6.5	4.6	
Short-range	180.6	3 492.4	19.3	28.4	1 030.2	36.3	8.7	9.4	6.0	8.8	10.0	9.9	
Long-range Off-the-road Not reported	49.8	1 518.1 345.3 29.9	43.2 6.9 4.1	14.9 12.0 3.4	1 152.2 52.4 29.9	77.1 4.4 8.8	17.3 16.6 37.5	10.2 31.3 35.9	11.9 25.4 46.5	6.5 11.3 22.1	6.0 19.2 35.9	4.7 16.2 25.3	
BASE OF OPERATION				•	10								
Percentage of miles traveled outside base-of-operation State:		44 000 =	44.5	400.4	4 770 0	40.0	4.0			0.0			
Less than 25 percent25 to 49 percent	29.0	11 323.7 572.8	11.8 19.7	108.4 5.1	1 770.9 290.2	16.3 57.3	1.9 22.7	3.8 18.0	3.4 14.4	3.0 13.8	6.1 20.3	5.2 17.9	
50 to 74 percent	29.0 62.0	690.1 1 413.2	23.8 22.8	5.1 9.9	295.1 742.2	58.3 75.2	22.7 15.5	20.4 11.8	14.6 10.0	13.8 8.9	11.9 8.1	10.8 6.3	
Not reported	128.1	1 620.1	12.6	14.2	318.9	22.5	10.7	15.1	11.6	9.8	10.7	9.3	

### Table 2. Trucks, Truck Miles, and Average Annual Miles: 1987—Con.

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Truc	ks and truck n	niles		nd truck miles, anels, utilities, a wagons		Relative standard error of estimate						
Vehicular and operational characteristics	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	F		standard rcent) fo			ite	
	А	В	С	D	Е	F	Α	В	C	D	Е	F	
VEHICLE SIZE													
1:-64	4 400 5	40 500 0	44.4	05.0	000.5	40.4						400	
Light Medium	. 27.9	12 566.3 321.9	11.4 11.5	35.2 27.9	366.5 321.9	10.4 11.5	.6 9.5 7.6	3.5 11.6	3.5 7.4	7.7 9.5	17.5 11.6	12.3 7.4	
Light-heavyHeavy-heavy	23.7 55.9	259.0 2 472.7	10.9 44.2	23.7 55.8	258.0 2 470.9	10.9 44.3	2.8	11.0 4.4	8.4 4.5	7.6 2.8	11.1 4.4	8.4 4.5	
AVERAGE WEIGHT (POUNDS)							:						
Less than 6,001	. 1 047.5 . 55.0	11 930.5 635.7	11.4 11.6	10.0 25.2	84.2 282.3	8.4 11.2	1.0 14.1	3.7 19.5	3.6 12.0	13.2 10.3	20.3 22.1	15.3 14.9	
10,001 to 14,000 14,001 to 16,000	.   10.6	105.9 99.0	10.0 12.2	10.6 8.1	105.9 99.0	10.0	21.0 14.5	23.7 19.6	11.3 12.8	21.0 14.5	23.7	11.3	
16,001 to 19,500	9.2	117.0	12.7	9.2	117.0	12.7	13.6	18.8	13.4	13.6	18.8	12.8 13.4	
19,501 to 26,000	23.7 12.6	259.0 222.3	10.9 17.6	23.7	258.0 222.3	10.9	7.6	11.0	8.4	7.6	11.1	8.4	
26,001 to 33,000	- 6.4	134.5	21.1	12.6 6.2	132.7	17.6 21.3	10.2 12.8	13.4 19.5	10.7 17.6	10.2 12.9	13.4 19.7	10.7 17.9	
40,001 to 50,00050,001 to 60,000	. 8.4 5.9	299.3 233.6	35.6 39.8	8.4 5.9	299.3 233.6	35.6 39.8	9.6 11.0	13.2 14.4	10.9 10.6	9.6 11.0	13.2 14.4	10.9 10.6	
60,001 to 80,000	. 22.2	1 561.1	70.4	22.2	1 561.1	70.4	4.3	6.7	5.3	4.3	6.7	5.3	
80,001 to 100,000 100,001 to 130,000	. ( <u>ź</u> )	22.0 ( <u>Z</u> )	50.9 (Z)	.4 (Z)	22.0 (Z)	50.9 (Z)	38.6 (Z)	44.9 (Z)	19.3 (VV)	38.6 (Z)	44.9 (Z)	19.3 (Z)	
130,001 or moreNot reported		(X) (X) (X)		(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	NNN	NNN	(Z)	(X) (X)	NNN	(X) (X)	
TOTAL LENGTH (FEET)													
Less than 13.0		1 336.9	11.0	1.6	12.7	7.9	11.5	14.2	8.4	35.0	41.8	22.8	
13.0 to 15.9 16.0 to 19.9	667.9	3 926.7 7 271.5	13.0 10.9	4.4 22.9	66.5 323.4	15.1 14.2	6.6 3.3	8.8 5.8	5.8 4.8	20.1 11.1	25.7 20.2	16.4 12.5	
20.0 to 27.9 28.0 to 35.9		594.1 293.8	10.5 14.5	56.5 18.5	594.1 285.1	10.5 15.4	5.2 12.0	8.0 11.2	6.2 10.0	5.2 8.5	8.0 11.1	6.2 8.0	
36.0 to 40.9	. 5.2	115.0	22.2	3.3	59.1	17.9	38.2	50.6	17.3	20.0	27.1	21.9	
41.0 to 44.9 45.0 or more Not reported	. 34.1	24.6 2 057.3 (Z)	7.7 60.3 (Z)	1.3 34.1 (Z)	19.0 2 057.3 (Z)	14.5 60.3 (Z)	60.4 3.2 (Z)	41.8 5.3 (Z)	45.3 4.6 (Z)	35.6 3.2 (Z)	45.4 5.3 (Z)	34.5 4.6 (Z)	
YEAR MODEL						:	:						
1988 1987		(Z) 1 263.0	(Z) 16.2	(Z) 4.0	(Z) 242.6	(Z) 60.5	(Z) 14.4	(Z) 14.4	(Z) 7.7 6.8	(Z)	(Z) 14.2	(Z) 11.1	
1986	. 145.7	2 595.2 2 252.3	17.8 18.0	8.7 10.3	409.9 396.2	47.0 38.5	10.2	11.5 13.0	6.8 8.5	(Z) 14.3 23.6 11.1	24.8 11.6	20.5	
1984		2 168.8	18.5	9.8	428.9	43.9	11.5	12.1	6.8	11.5	11.7	10.2	
1983 1982	. 65.4 50.1	978.8 660.1	15.0	4.0 3.5	164.9 109.6	41.0 31.6	15.9 18.2	18.6 20.1	12.2 11.9	17.7 19.8	14.6 19.2	14.0 15.8	
1981 1980	. 43.2	744.7 762.2	13.2 17.2 17.2 16.0	6.1 8.6	183.4 284.0	30.0 33.0	19.0 17.6	22.6 17.2	15.3 11.2	14.9 11.5	14.3	10.3	
1979		868.7	12.8	10.4	260.7	25.0	14.9	15.0	8.7	11.2	12.6	10.4	
1978t	. 67.7 402.0	764.7 2 561.3	11.3 6.4	10.0 67.1	219.1 718.0	21.9 10.7	15.0 5.1	15.8 7.0	9.7 5.4	11.5 4.4	13.2 7.0	11.0 5.8	
Not reported	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	5.1 (Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Ż)	(Z)	(Z)	
VÉHICLE ACQUISITION		:											
Purchased new	. 620.9 562.4	9 055.3 5 953.0	14.6 10.6	66.0 72.1	1 933.7 1 290.5	29.3 17.9	3.6 4.0	4.9 6.0	3.7 4.8	5.3 3.2	6.5 4.9	5.7 4.6	
Leased from someone else	. 15.9	469.6 141.9	29.6 13.0	2.9 1.5	159.0 34.2	54.0 23.4	30.8 38.1	27.1 37.8	11.6 18.4	19.7 28.5	17.9 27.6	13.6 22.0	
LEASE CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1 2</sup>													
Leased without driver	22.1 5.5	708.0 201.4	32.0 36,7	9.2 1.8	440.2 112.0	48.0 63.6	22.5 48.3	17.0 43.1	11.4 32.7	11.0 18.8	9.7 19.4	8.1 8.1	
Leased with owner-operatorNot reported	. 7.3	185.2 46.1	25.3 22.9	1.8 1.8 .2	87.0 18.2	49.4 121.3	44.2 92.6	35.8 64.2	32.7 22.2 36.7	24.3 49.2	24.4 54.2	22.7 22.7 22.7	
Provisions of lease:													
FinancingFull maintenance	9.5 7.3	314.2 390.7	33.0 53.4	2.1 3.6	102.4 274.1	47.7 75.4	39.0 36.2	37.3 23.0	16.3 15.5	23.4 13.5	20.4 12.9	17.3 8.0	
Maintenance on specific parts	. 1.9 . 4.5	28.7 260.6	15.1 58.3	(Z) 2.6	3.8 198.6	98.9 76.3	98.0 42.7	87.8 26.5	15.6 19.4	98.7 16.0	98.7 15.2	(Z) 10.6	
Obtaining licenses and permitsRecord keeping for leased trucks	3.8 4.6 .7	284.2 258.6 43.8	74.1 56.1 65.6	3.8 2.7 .7	284.2 214.9 43.8	74.1 78.2 65.6	13.2 41.5 39.2	12.4 21.0 36.9	8.6 24.7 30.5	13.2 16.3	12.4 15.0	8.6 10.3 30.5	

Table 2. Trucks, Truck Miles, and Average Annual Miles: 1987—Con.

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Tru	cks and truck n	niles		nd truck miles, anels, utilities, a wagons		rs.	oletivo :	tander	l error o	f estima	ato
Vehicular and operational characteristics	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	n			or colum		ate
	А	В	С	D	Е	F	Α	В	С	D	E	
OPERATOR CLASSIFICATION												
Not for hire	387.9	14 251.1 6 555.6 7 530.2	12.1 16.9 9.6	116.8 111.1 5.5	2 117.2 2 089.3 25.2	18.1 18.8 4.6	.6 5.1 2.6	3.2 6.9 4.5	3.1 4.9 3.7	2.1 2.4 18.2	5.3 5.4 28.7	4. 4. 21.
Mixed—business use/personal transportation	7.6	165.3	21.8	.2	2.7	13.4	48.6	52.9	19.7	99.7	99.7	(2
or hire Motor carrier	17.8	1 234.5 932.9	49.5 52.4	23.0 17.8	1 220.0 931.9	53.0 52.4	11.7 12.2	6.8 8.3	10.3 10.9	9.8 12.3	6.8 8.3	8. 10.
Owner/operatorIndependent	7.1 4.6	301.6 119.1	42.5 26.1	5.2 2.7	288.0 105.5	55.0 39.2	27.8 42.5	12.9 21.5	23.1 32.1 7.4	12.6 19.8	12.6 20.6	8   15
Leased to a companyNot reported	2.5	182.6 (Z)	71.6 (Z)	2.5 (Z)	182.6 (Z)	71.6 (Z)	15.7 (Z)	16.3 (Z)	7.4 (Z)	15.7 (Z)	16.3 (Z)	7
Daily rental		89.7	21.7	2.3	72.9	32.0	46.7	25.2	28.9	22.9	20.8	16
Mixed—not for hire/for hire		2.3	59.4	(Z)	2.3	59.4.	98.7	98.7	(Z)	98.7	98.7	,
For-hire jurisdiction:												
InterstateIntrastate	5.9	751.8 328.0	78.6 55.6	9.6 5.9	751.8 328.0	78.6 55.6	7.5 13.1	7.3 18.6	4.5 15.9	7.5 13.1	7.3 18.6	15 15
LocalNot reported	9.5	154.7 (Z)	16.4 (Z)	. 7.6 (Z)	140.2 (Z)	18.5 (Z)	29.2 (Z)	19.5 (Z)	15.8 (Z)	26.9 (Z)	19.3 (Z)	14
Type of carrier (interstate only):		'										
Contract		154.7 521.2	86.7 74.8	1.8 7.0	154.7 521.2	86.7 74.8	15.3 9.4	16.3 9.1	6.8 5.8	15.3 9.4	16.3 9.1	.6 5
ExemptNot reported	3	36.5 39.4	138.9 72.5	.3 .5	36.5 39.4	138.9 72.5	37.2 32.8	37.7 37.8	6.3 12.5	37.2 32.8	37.7 37.8	12 12
PRODUCTS CARRIED			: :	:		:						
=arm products		444.7	11.3	13.1	193.2	14.8	17.8	18.4	10.8	10.6	14.2	13 25
ive animalsMining products	8	115.0 33.3	9.2 39.9	3.2 .8	34.9 33.3	10.8 39.9	33.6 35.2	33.7 32.4	12.8 26.4	10.6 22.9 35.2	28.4 32.4	26
ogs and other forest productsumber and fabricated wood products	7.4 12.4	183.9 376.1	25.0 30.3	3.7 5.0	163.8 192.6	44.1 38.4	35.7 30.4	16.7 30.8	29.4 18.4	15,3 15.8	15.1 34.9	10 32
Processed foods		502.1	26.6	9.6	370.4	38.5	22.6	15.2	12.8	11.3	11.9	9
Fextile mill products	12.1	286.2 543.6	23.6 16.3	4.7 20.1	183.1 355.8	38.6 17.7	31.0 15.4	24.7 16.7	19.8 10.3	16.5	15.0 10.5	13
Household goods	3.4	62.5 114.4	18.4 18.1	3.4 2.6	62.5 65.0	18.4 25.1	22.5 42.9	22.4 43.7	13.3 32.1	7.9 22.5 25.4	22.4 27.7	13 24
Paper productsChemicals	4.3	137.6	32.1	2.5	119.3	48.5	44.2	22.4	32.5	21.2	20.8	18
Petroleum	4.5	219.5 125.8	28.6 27.9	4.0 4.5	117.0 125.8	29.6 27.9	35.5 16.8	44.1 15.4	28.6 13.5	18.6 16.8	21.1 15.4	17 13
Plastics and/or rubberPlastics and/or rubberPlastics and/or rubberPlastics and/or rubber	2.4 4.1	44.6 96.5	18.9 23.3	.5 2.3	25.1 52.2	50.2 22.9	79.4 47.2	49.2 48.2	40.2 11.5	44.9 25.7	39.8 27.1	43 21
Fabricated metal products	17.8	460.4	25.8	2.9	103.1	35.0	29.5	31.3	15.2	22.9	29.6	25
MachineryTransportation equipment	11.2 11.4	222.0 197.7	19.7 17.4	7.5 7.6	110.1 140.8	14.6 18.5	25.0 29.4	36.6 26.7	14.5 14.1	13.3 27.1	17.3 23.5	14 19
Glass productsMiscellaneous products of manufacturing	1.9	30.6 147.7	15.8 33.5	.1 .8	8.3 38.3	110.3 50.0	96.1 58.5	75.4 52.8	28.2 8.1	69.7 32.9	70.0 30.5	23
Industrial water	İ		7.8	1.2	9.3	7.8	38.6	53.0	33.2	38.6	53.0	33
Scrap, refuse, or garbageHazardous waste	10.1	124.8 3.8	12.4 22.8	6.2	76.0 3.8	7.8 12.2 22.8	28.0 80.4	36.9 82.4	33.2 24.3 82.8	16.0 80.4	21.2 82.4	17 82
Mixed cargoes  Craftsman's equipment	27.1	762.2 1 401.7	28.1 15.9	12.3 12.2	591.2 164.5	48.0 13.5	19.6 13.2	12.6 16.8	14.1	9.0 18.4	11.6 35.1	20
Personal transportation		7 530.3	9.6	5.5	25.3	4.6	2.6	4,5	3.7	18.2	28.6	21
No load carried	64.8	1 064.8 31.4	16.4 4.1	3.5 2.2	33.8	9.6	16.0 42.1	21.5 99.6	13.9 83.6	22.1 26.0	26.5 85.2	20 78
Not reported	11.3	347.2 (Z)	30.8 (Z)	.4 (Z)	18.6 (Z)	53.1 (Z)	38.9 (Z)	55.9 (Z)	40.9 (Z)	60.7 (Z)	56.2 (Z)	18
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CARRIED												
Hazardous materials carried	5.8	313.7	54.1	5.8	313.7	54.1	11.6	12.3	8.9	11.6	12.3	ε
Less than 10 percent of time	3.0	185.3 41.6	61.5 69.5	3.0	185.3 41.6	61.5 69.5	15.1 35.7	16.4 42.1	9.8 13.9	15.1 35.7	16.4 42.1	13
26 to 49 percent of the time	1 .2	5.1	30.6	.6 .2 .7	5.1	30.6 48.0	80.4 42.8	87.4 34.0	91.7 30.2	80.4 42.8	87.4 34.0	91
50 to 74 percent of the time 75 to 100 percent of the time No percent reported	1.1	34.9	48.0 31.7 58.4	1.1 .2	33.6 34.9 13.2	31.7 58.4	28.2 40.2	28.2 54.4	27.1 36.8	28.2 40.2	28.2 54.4	27
Types of hazardous materials <sup>2</sup> :			55.2	4.2	233.2	55.2	13.0	14.0	9.7	13.0	14.0	٤
Flammable liquidsCombustible liquids	2.4	233.2 141.8	58.5	2.4 2.0	141.8	58.5	18.4	18.1	11.9	18.4	18.1	11
Corrosive liquidsPoison B solids	2.0 8	120.3 27.5	59.9 36.2	.8	120.3 27.5	59.9 36.2	21.3 38.1	20.3 34.0	13.7 21.7	21.3 38.1	20.3 34.0	13
Poison B liquids		27.5	36.2	.8	27.5	36.2	38.1	34.0	21.7	38.1	34.0	21
Flammable solids Oxidizers Flammable gas	6	23.3	39.3 39.3	.6 .6	23.3 23.3	39.3 39.3	43.3 43.3	37.5 37.5	26.4 26.4 26.4	43.3 43.3 43.3	37.5 37.5	26 26 26
		23.3	39.3	.6	23.3	39.3	43.3	37.5		. 422	37.5	. 26

Table 2. Trucks, Truck Miles, and Average Annual Miles: 1987—Con.

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total		cks and truck n		Trucks ar	nd truck miles, anels, utilities, wagons	excluding						
Vehicular and operational characteristics	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)				d error ( or colur		ate
egin	A	В	С	D	E	F	А	В	С	D	Е	F
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CARRIED—Con.												
Types of hazardous materials²—Con. Corrosive solids Explosives, A or B Blasting agents Radioactive materials ORM-A, B, or C	.1 (Z)	6.6 (Z)	58.2 (Z)	.1 (Z)	6.6 (Z)	58.2 ( <u>Z</u> )	56.9 (Z)	62.4 (Z)	25.7 (Z)	56.9 (Z)	62.4 (Z)	25.7 (Z)
Padioactive materials ORM-A, B, or C		N N N N N N	N NSNN	NONN N	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	NOON P	NNNN	NNNN	NNNN	NNNN	NNNN	NNNN
Hazardous materials not listedNot reported	(Z) (Z) 1.6	(Z) (Z) 80.4	(Z) (Z) 50.9	(Z) (Z) 1.6	(Z) (Z) 80.4	(Z) (Z) 50.9	(Z) (Z) 25.1	(Z) (Z) 26.2	(Z) (Z) 19.9	(Z) (Z) 25.1	(Z) (Z) 26.2	(Z) (Z) 19.9
No hazardous materials carriedNot reported	1 174.3 30.0	14 847.1 459.0	12.6 15.3	125.6 11.2	2 839.0 264.6	22.6 23.7	.7 19.9	3.1 19.4	3.0 14.7	2.5 11.5	4.2 21.9	3.7 20.2
TRUCK FLEET SIZE <sup>3</sup>									:			
1	753.7 329.9 69.2 57.3	8 348.3 3 871.2 1 546.9 1 853.4	11.1 11.7 22.4 32.4	34.5 39.6 30.1 38.4	642.3 584.3 689.0 1 501.6	18.6 14.8 22.9 39.1	2.8 6.0 12.6 10.7	4.6 8.4 17.2 8.0	3.7 6.0 12.3 6.6	5.9 7.0 8.6 4.9	8.3 11.9 11.6 5.9	7.4 7.9 11.0 5.5
MILES PER GALLON												
Less than 5	16.8 57.3 50.5 165.8 294.3	567.7 1 965.0 510.4 1 547.6 2 894.9	33.7 34.3 10.1 9.3 9.8	16.7 53.5 29.8 29.2 9.4	565.9 1 931.3 400.5 347.4 114.3	33.9 36.1 13.5 11.9 12.2	7.2 5.9 12.7 9.1 6.7	7.6 5.8 12.9 12.2 10.0	6.4 6.5 11.7 8.7 7.3	7.2 3.9 6.6 9.2 23.0	7.6 5.7 11.1 10.6 49.0	6.4 5.6 9.4 7.0 29.6
15 to 19.9	330.9 293.8 .7	4 102.1 4 032.1 (Z)	12.4 13.7 (Z)	3.0 .4 .7	49.6 8.3 (Z)	16.8 20.7 (Z)	6.2 6.8 41.6	8.5 9.2 (Z)	5.8 6.1 (Z)	25.2 70.5 41.6	34.0 96.2 (Z)	22.5 65.6 (Z)
EQUIPMENT TYPE4												
Braking system	142.5 34.4 38.5 52.1	3 417.3 356.4 432.4 2 302.9	24.0 10.4 11.2 44.2	142.5 34.4 38.5 52.1	3 417.3 356.4 432.4 2 302.9	24.0 10.4 11.2 44.2	2.0 6.0 5.6 2.6	3.7 10.5 9.4 4.2	3.4 8.7 7.7 4.2	2.0 6.0 5.6 2.6	3.7 10.5 9.4 4.2	3.4 8.7 7.7 4.2
Not reported	17.6 520.7 427.8	325.6 7 222.2 6 091.7	18.5 13.9	17.6 1.2	325.6 95.3	18.5 78.5	17.0 4.2	25.0 6.1	18.4 4.5	17.0 22.6	25.0 20.1	18.4 16.7
Heffective materials <sup>2</sup>	.2 3.7	20.6 201.9	14.2 91.1 53.9	1.1 .2 3.7	98.7 20.6 201.9	86.2 91.1 53.9	5.0 40.2 17.2	7.0 41.5 13.4	5.1 10.6 12.4	20.1 40.2 17.2	19.8 41.5 13.4	11.1 10.6 12.4
Electronic vehicle management system <sup>2</sup>	.2 .1 (Z) (Z)	12.0 5.1 3.2 3.2	80.2 67.7 84.1 84.1	.2 .1 (Z) (Z)	12.0 5.1 3.2	80.2 67.7 84.1	49.2 69.7 98.7	50.7 72.0 98.7	12.1 18.1 (Z) (Z)	49.2 69.7 98.7	50.7 72.0 98.7	12.1 18.1 (Z) (Z)
FUEL CONSERVATION EQUIPMENT <sup>2</sup> <sup>4</sup>	(2)	5.2	04.1	(2)	3.2	84.1	98.7	98.7	(2)	98.7	98.7	(2)
Aerodynamic features	10.7	718.1	67.0	10.7	718.1	67.0	9.1	8.0	7.0	9.1	8.0	7.0
Fuel economy engine	7.4 6.7 691.2	528.5 485.1 9 286.3	71.0 72.1 13.4	7.4 6.7 2.6	528.5 485.1 183.0	71.0 72.1 71.5	10.5 11.1 3.1	9.0 9.2 5.0	7.7 8.2 3.9	10.5 11.1 15.9	9.0 9.2 13.9	7.7 8.2 11.1
Road speed governor Variable fan drives Other fuel conservation devices	1.7 1.6 .9	150.1 136.2 91.1	88.7 87.7 101.0	1.7 1.6 .9	150.1 136.2 91.1	88.7 87.7 101.0	14.3 19.0 19.9	15.7 16.7 20.9	6.3 12.6 6.4	14.3 19.0 19.9	15.7 16.7 20.9	6.3 12.6 6.4
MAINTENANCE <sup>2</sup>			:									
General maintenance:	688.7	8 153.1	11.8	50.8	986.3	19,4	3.2	5.4	4.4	5.7	9.5	7.4
Company's maintenance facilities	94.1 185.0 5.7 293.2	2 484.5 2 533.6 176.8 3 908.0	26.4 13.7 30.9 13.3	58.4 7.6 2.1 29.8	1 802.4 163.0 113.1 613.0	30.9 21.5 54.4 20.6	8.9 8.9 45.6 6.6	7.7 10.8 33.4 8.6	5.2 6.4 28.2 5.9	4.9 13.8 21.9 6.5	4.5 15.8 18.4 12.5	4.6 12.6 17.6 11.7
Component distributorship	7.6 13.7 5.8	158.3 29.0 66.9	20.9 2.1 11.6	2.0 .5	77.1 8.3 1.3	39.2 15.1 (S)	43.2 35.6 55.4	33.4 50.7 60.6	18.3 44.0 22.2	26.8 52.9 85.4	29.6 89.8 95.1	24.1 95.3 112.9
Not reported  Major overhauls:  Owner	65.9 145.3	630.0	9.6	7.1	132.0	18.5	15.4	18.0	11.6	14.6	18.3	17.0
Company's maintenance facilities  Dealership's service department  Leasing company  Independent garage	61.8 114.6 9.3	1 484.3 1 732.7 1 976.6 191.3	10.2 28.1 17.2 20.7	14.3 39.2 13.2 1.9	300.2 1 268.0 403.0 86.5	20.9 32.4 30.6 45.7	10.1 11.1 11.3 40.0	16.3 10.0 12.0 33.9	13.7 6.9 6.3 23.1	9.7 6.8 9.9 23.7	11.4 5.7 11.2 20.1	9.9 5.9 9.2 19.9
Component distributorship	210.0 19.5 79.0	2 980.7 383.0 922.1	14.2 19.7 11.7	25.6 4.7 2.7	598.7 215.5 33.0	23.4 45.5 12.2	8.1 26.8 14.5	9.7 19.2 18.3	6.3 15.2 11.1	7.0 15.4 23.9	11.6 15.0 31.1	10.6 12.8 29.2
Other Not reported	4.3 605.7	58.4 6 620.4	13.6 10.9	.6 48.1	9.7 754.9	17.2 15.7	61.7	59.9 5.8	8.8 4.5	55.0 6.0	61.4 12.4	42.8 10.2

Table 2. Trucks, Truck Miles, and Average Annual Miles: 1987—Con.

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		eks and truck r	niles	Trucks and truck miles, excluding pickups, panels, utilities, and station wagons				Relative standard error of estimate						
Vehicular and operational characteristics	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	R		standard rcent) fo			ite		
	А	В	С	D	E	F	Α	В	С	D	Е	F		
ENGINE TYPE AND SIZE														
Engine		15 619.8 12 633.6	12.9 11.1	142.5 84.0	3 417.3 814.7	24.0 9.7	.5 .7	2.9 3.4	2.9 3.3	2.0	3.7 9.0	3.4 6.8		
Diesel	_ 72.2 _ (Z)	2 986.2 (Z) (Z)	41.4 (Z) (Z)	58.6 (Z) (Z)	2 602.6 (Z) (Z)	44.4 (Z) (Z)	7.1 (Z) (Z)	6.7 (Z) (Z)	5.0 (Z) (Z)	3.7 2.5 (Z) (Z)	4.2 (Z) (Z)	4.1 (Z) (Z)		
Cylinders <sup>5</sup> 4	_ 240.2	15 619.8 3 284.7	12.9 13.7	142.5	3 417.3 1.6	24.0 3.7	.5 7.7	2.9 9.5	2.9 5.6	2.0 64.9 7.2	3.7 76.5	3.4 36.6		
6	_ 534.9	5 042.4 5 973.5 (Z)	16.5 11.2 (7)	33.2 53.5 (7)	1 690.3 686.5 (Z)	50.9 12.8 (7)	6.3 4.2 (7)	6.7 6.7	4.9 5.3 (7)	5.4	7.0 8.0 (7)	6.2 6.4 (7)		
Not reported	_ 129.5	1 319.2	(Z) 10.2	(Z) 55.4	1 038.9	(Z) 18.8	(Z) 8.8	(Z) 6.6	(Z) 7.7	(Z) 4.1	(Z) 5.9	(Z) 5.4		
Cubic inch displacementGasoline engines	_ 1 137.9	15 619.8 12 633.6 4 071.1	12.9 11.1 13.2	142.5 84.0 .4	3 417.3 814.7 1.2	24.0 9.7 3.0	.5 .7 6.6	2.9 3.4 8.1	2.9 3.3 4.8	2.0 3.7 70.5	3.7 9.0 98.9	3.4 6.8 69.5		
200 to 299	_ 136.0	1 516.3 3 871.2	11.1 12.0	5.7 13.6	59.6 163.1	10.5 12.0	10.7 6.3	14.6 9.4	10.0 6.9	17.8 16.9	33.6 35.3	28.6 21.6		
350 to 399 400 or more Not reported <sup>6</sup>	242.8 44.1	2 276.3 463.2 435.5	9.4 10.5 5.1	39.7 7.0 17.6	401.5 92.9 96.4	10.1 13.2 5.5	7.3 18.7 12.8	10.2 22.4 18.6	7.2 13.6 13.6	7.1 15.2 9.4	10.4 20.0 16.1	7.6 12.5 13.2		
Diesel engines	72.2	2 986.2	41.4 27.5	58.6 11.3	2 602.6	44.4 26.9	7.1	6.7	5.0	2.5 10.0	4.2 12.2	4.1		
Less than 400	_ { 13.1	572.3 385.0 512.9	29.5 44.4	9.1 11.5	304.5 269.9 512.3	29.5 44.5	20.7 21.5 7.9	25.6 24.4 13.5	14.5 11.5 11.2	11.3 7.9	12.0 13.5	9.4 7.7 11.2		
800 or moreNot reported <sup>6</sup>	_ 15.7	1 149.5 366.6	73.3 33.1	15.7 10.9	1 149.5 366.5	73.3 33.5	5.0 8.4	7.5 11.0	6.0 8.5	5.0 8.4	7.5 11.0	6.0 8.4		
Other engines	_ (Z)		(N)(N)	SSSS	(X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X)	NNNN	NNNN	NNN NNN NNN	NNNN	N N N N N N	(Z) (Z) (Z)		
400 or moreNot reported <sup>6</sup>	- (Z) - (Z)		(Z)	(Z)	(2)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)		(Z) (Z)	(Z)	(2)	(Z) (Z)		
HorsepowerGasoline engines	_   1 137.9	15 619.8 12 633.6	12.9 11.1	142.5 84.0	3 417.3 814.7	24.0 9.7	.5 .7	2.9 3.4	2.9 3.3	2.0 3.7	3.7 9.0	3.4 6.8		
Less than 100 100 to 199 200 to 249	821.8	1 774.8 9 595.3 501.3	11.7 11.7 9.6	.4 47.4 13.1	3.8 520.5 127.6	9.5 11.0 9.7	10.2 2.5 16.2	12.7 4.6 22.6	7.5 3.9 15.9	70.5 7.1 11.0	75.1 13.7 14.6	26.0 9.6 9.8		
250 or more Not reported <sup>6</sup>	_ 24.7	127.4 634.7	5.1 7.2	8.0 15.1	66.4 96.4	8.3 6.4	22.9 12.9	25.3 17.8	19.5 11.9	14.5 10.3	19.7 17.7	12.8 14.5		
Diesel enginesLess than 250	_ 72.2 _ 36.1	2 986.2 937.0	41.4 25.9	58.6 22.7	2 602.6 555.0	44.4 24.4	7.1 14.1	6.7 18.4	5.0 10.0	2.5 6.2	4.2 8.0	4.1 5.7		
250 to 349	_ 18.2 _ 9.0	1 058.7 737.3	58.1 82.3	18.2 9.0	1 057.2 737.3	58.2 82.3	5.3 6.7	9.5 7.3	8.0 3.6	5.3 6.7	9.5 7.3	8.1 3.6		
450 or moreNot reported <sup>6</sup>	- - 8.7	10.6 242.6	93.8 27.7	.1 8.6	10.6 242.5	93.8 28.1	56.9 10.5	57.0 12.7	2.6 10.5	56.9 10.5	57.0 12.7	2.6 10.5		
Other enginesLess than 250	_ (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	NNNN	NNNN	NNNN	(Z) (Z)		
250 or more Not reported <sup>6</sup>		(N)(N)(N)	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)		(Z)	(X) (X) (X) (X)	NON	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	NNNN		
TRUCK TYPE AND AXLE ARRANGEMENT														
Single-unit trucks2 axles		13 379.8 13 157.4	11.5 11.4	98.6 87.9	1 247.4 1 025.0	12.7 11.7	.6 .6	3.3 3.4	3.3 3.3	3.2 3.7	6.5 7.6	4.9 5.6		
3 axles 4 axles or more	_ 9.9	190.6 31.9	19.3 38.9	9.9 .8	190.6 31.9	19.3 38.9	10.2 38.6	15.7 40.9	13.1 14.4	10.2 38.6	15.7 40.9	13.1 14.4		
Combinations Single-unit truck with trailer		2 240.0 31.9	45.2 14.9	43.9 2.1	2 169.8 31.9	49.4 14.9	7.2 26.5	5.5 33.3	6.9 28.9	3.6 26.5	5.1 33.3	4.9 28.9		
4 axles5 axles or more	1.4	8.7 23.1	6.5 29.2	1.4 .8	8.7 23.1	6.5 29.2	34.7 41.0	37.6 43.7	24.9 34.5	34.7 41.0	37.6 43.7	24.9 34.5		
Single-unit truck with utility trailer		148.7 80.8	10.9 11.7	8.1 1.3	78.5 10.6	9,8 8.1	25.0 47.1	39.4 70.6	28.0 49.7	14.2 35.6	18.5 47.5	12.8 30.6		
4 axles5 axles or more	_ 4.6	47.2 20.8	10.3 9.5	4.6 2.2	47.2 20.8	10.3 9.5	19.5 27.1	25.0 34.4	16.7 25.9	19.5 27.1	25.0 34.4	16.7 25.9		
Truck-tractor with single trailer		2 059.4 53.5	61.0 25.6	33.8 2.1	2 059.4 53.5	61.0 25.6	3.1 18.0	5.3 24.2	4.5 18.1	3.1 18.0	5.3 24.2	4.5 18.1		
4 axles 5 axles or more	_ 7,7	280.8 1 725.1	36.4 72.1	7.7 23.9	280.8 1 725.1	36.4 72.1	8.4 4.0	12.0 6.3	9.0 5.0	8.4 4.0	12.0 6.3	9.0 5.0		
Truck-tractor with double trailers5 axles	- 2	(2)	2	(2)	(2)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)		
6 axles 7 axles or more	(Z)	(X)(X)(X)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)		(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)	NXXX XXXX	(X)(X)(X)	NNNN	NNNN	NNNN	SOSS		
Truck-tractor with triple trailers	(Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z) (Z)	NNN NNN	(X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X)	(X) (X) (X)		
Trailer not specified		(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)		
Powered axles1	_ 1 028.9	15 619.8 12 022.2	12.9 11.7	142.5 106.2	3 417.3 1 533.1	24.0 14.4	.5 1.5	2.9 3.8	2.9 3,5	2.0 2.9	3.7 6.5	3.4 5.4		
2 3 or more Not reported	180.7 5	3 589.6 8.0 (Z)	19.9 15.5 (Z)	35.8 .5 (Z)	1 876.1 8.0 (Z)	52.4 15.5 (Z)	8.2 48.6 (Z)	6.6 54.1 (Z)	5.5 60.5 (Z)	3.7 48.6 (Z)	5.1 54.1 (Z)	4.7 60.5 (Z)		

### Table 2. Trucks, Truck Miles, and Average Annual Miles: 1987—Con.

[Data relate to State of registration. Detail may not add to total because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

- Andrew - Control of Andrews	Trucks and truck miles			Trucks and truck miles, excluding pickups, panels, utilities, and station wagons								
Vehicular and operational characteristics	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	Trucks (thousands)	Truck miles (millions)	Average miles per truck (thousands)	H		standard rcent) fo		of estima nn—	te
	А	В	С	D	E	F	Α	В	С	D	E	F
CAB TYPE <sup>7</sup>					1							
Cab forward of engine	2.0 25.0 101.3 .9 3.1 10.3	34.8 1 295.5 1 851.8 17:8 28.8 188.6	17.8 51.8 18.3 19.2 9.4 18.2	2.0 25.0 101.3 .9 3.1 10.3	34.8 1 295.5 1 851.8 17.8 28.8 188.6	17.8 51.8 18.3 19.2 9.4 18.2	28.8 5.5 2.0 45.0 24.8 27.1	38.3 6.6 5.0 90.6 42.4 32.8	38.4 5.9 4.8 77.6 34.1 17.7	28.8 5.5 2.0 45.0 24.8 27.1	38.3 6.6 5.0 90.6 42.4 32.8	38.4 5.9 4.8 77.6 34.1 17.7
PICKUPS, PANELS, VANS, UTILITIES, AND STATION WAGONS												ſ
Total Pickups Mini-vans Panels or vans Utilities Station wagons	1 067.5 787.4 47.4 127.7 90.5 14.6	12 202.5 8 828.3 730.2 1 369.7 1 107.9 166.4	11.4 11.2 15.4 10.7 12.2 11.4	(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(X)(		SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS	.6 1.2 17.9 9.2 12.2 34.7	3.6 4.3 20.0 17.5 14.9 42.1	3.6 4.1 8.7 14.8 8.6 24.1	NNNNNN	SSSSSS	(Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z)
Driving wheels	1 067.5 144.9 922.6 27.4 (Z)	12 202.5 1 713.5 10 489.1 446.3 (Z)	11.4 11.8 11.4 16.3 (Z)	NNNNN	NNNNN	NNNNN	.6 10.2 1.7 24.9 (Z)	3.6 12.6 4.3 28.4 (Z)	3.6 7.5 3.9 13.5 (Z)	NNNNN	SOSOS	(X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)

¹Lease characteristics include both "Leased from" and "Leased to" vehicles. Lease provisions apply to a period of one year or more.

²Detail does not add to total because items were not applicable or multiple responses were possible.

³When no response was obtained, a fleet size of one truck was assumed.

⁴Pickups, panels, vans, and mini-vans were not requested to report the information shown in the Equipment Type section, except for power steering and air conditioning; and in the Fuel Conservation Equipment section, except for more tradial tires.

⁵Data were derived from the vehicle identification numbers (VIN). "Not reported" indicates those trucks for which the cylinders are unknown.

⁵Not reported" includes survey respondents who did not report horsepower and/or cubic inch displacement (CID), or reported unreasonable values compared to the truck's other characteristics. In either case, an attempt was made to assign a value based on the vehicle identification number (VIN). If this was successful, the respondent was removed from the not reported category and included under the assigned value.

\*Pickups, panels, vans, and mini-vans are not included.